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A DOUBLE FACE P SHAPED MICROSTRIP ANTENNA DESIGN FOR WIRELESS APPLICATIONS

Dr.S.Mythili¹, Dr.V.Ponniyin Selvan², N. Sathiya³, R.Santhoskumar⁴

¹Professor, Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering

Mahendra Engineering College (Autonomous), Namakkal, Tamilnadu, India

² Associate Professor, Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering

Mahendra Engineering College (Autonomous), Namakkal, Tamilnadu, India

^{3,4} Assistant Professor, Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering

Mahendra Engineering College (Autonomous), Namakkal, Tamilnadu, India

Abstract: In this paper, the outline of a position of safety fix receiving wire is proposed for remote applications. The proposed radio wire resonates at 2.6 GHz with transfer speed of 120 MHz making it appropriate for remote applications. The proposed reception apparatus is outlined on an FR4 substrate with a general size of 110 mm × 158.5 mm. A parametric examination is performed to comprehend the full conduct of the reception apparatus by changing the sweep of the roundabout opening of twofold confronted P molded fix. The encouraging strategy utilized here is microstrip line nourishing.

Keywords: Patch Antenna; Wireless Application; Return Loss, Radiation Pattern; Parametric Analysis.

1. Introduction

The fast improvement of remote correspondence innovation has expanded the interest for reduced microstrip reception apparatuses with high pick up and wideband working frequencies. Microstrip fix receiving wires are extremely worthwhile due to their minimal effort, low profile, light weight and basic acknowledgment process. Nonetheless, the general microstrip fix reception apparatuses have a few hindrances, for example, limit transmission capacity and so on. Improvement of the execution to meet the requesting transfer speed is important. There are various and understood techniques to increment the transfer speed of reception apparatuses, including increment of the substrate thickness, the utilization of a low dielectric substrate, opened fix reception apparatus, the utilization of different impedance coordinating and bolstering methods. This radio wire take a shot at the recurrence of 2.6 GHz and the progressions are done through changing sweep of the hover of the structure.

2. Antenna Design

The outlined radio wire take a shot at recurrence of 2.6 GHz and the encouraging utilized here is microstrip line nourishing. The geometry of proposed twofold face P-shape microstrip fix radio

wire is appeared in Fig 1. Every one of the estimations are in mm. The microstrip fix reception apparatus comprises of three layers fix, substrate and ground. Here, the substrate chose for the plan of the proposed recieving wire is FR4_epoxy of thickness 3.2 mm and with low permittivity ($\epsilon_r=4.4$)

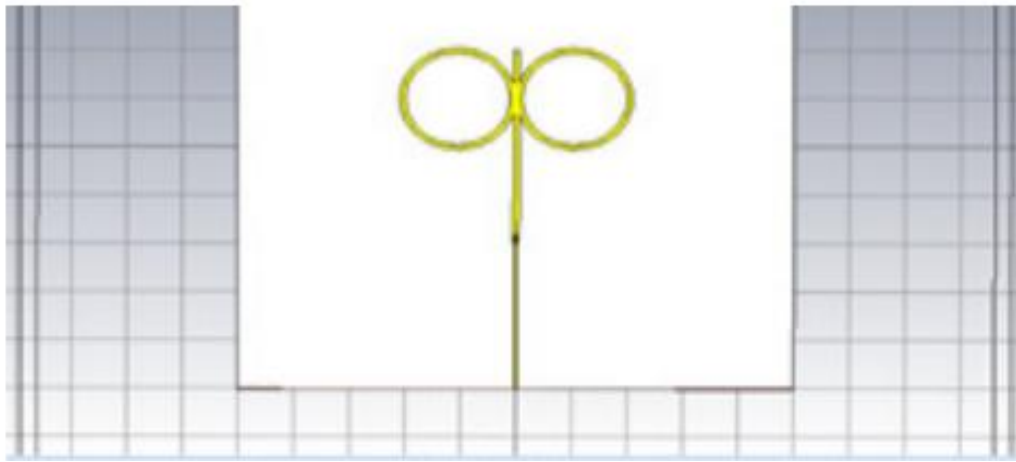


Fig. 1 Proposed antenna

The measurements of the substrate are taken as $110 \times 158.5 \times 3.2$ mm³. Microstrip fix radio wires can be nourished by an assortment of techniques. These techniques are characterized into two classes which are reaching (coordinate) and non-reaching. The four generally well known nourishing systems utilized are microstrip bolster, co-hub test sustain, opening coupled and vicinity coupled sustaining. Here we are doing microstrip line bolstering from the base face. To make the reception apparatus to resound at 2.6 GHz, the range of round space is taken as $r=11$ mm. With a specific end goal to comprehend the total conduct of the proposed recieving wire, a parametric investigation is performed by changing the sweep "r" of the "P" molded fix.

3. Results

The recreation comes about for the proposed recieving wire are appeared in the figures beneath. The arrival misfortune is appeared in Fig 2.the sharp cut toward the end delineate that the yield can be consider. The mimicked comes about are very much concurred for Wireless applications. The recieving wire reverberates at recurrence 2.6 GHz with an arrival loss of 21 db. The proposed reception apparatus VSWR proportion of 1.17:1.

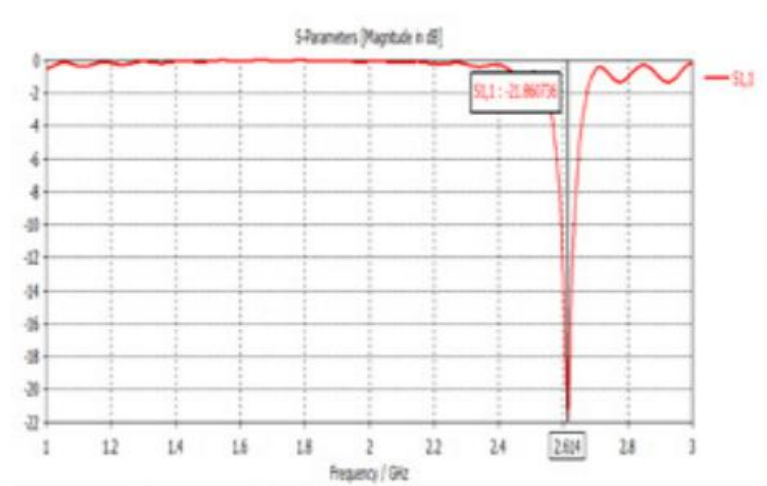


Fig. 2 Return Loss

The achieved bandwidth is good compared to rectangular and H-shaped microstrip antennas operated for Wireless applications. All the results related to the antenna are acceptable during the study.

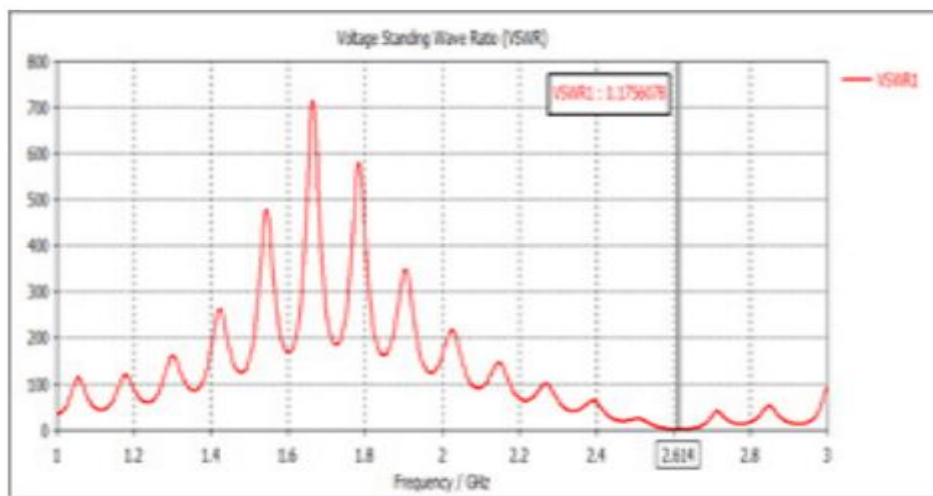


Fig. 3 Voltage standing wave ratio

This fig 2 delineate the S11 parameter of the receiving wire and demonstrate the estimation of return loss of the reception apparatus which is - 21.860736 which is worthy outcome as the esteem ought to be between - 20 and - 22 and in outlined receiving wire, the estimation of VSWR is 1.76 . The scope of qualities for VSWR is from 1 to ∞ . A VSWR esteem under 2 is viewed as reasonable for most receiving wire applications. The receiving wire can be depicted as having a decent match. So when somebody says that the radio wire is inadequately coordinated, regularly it implies that the VSWR esteem surpasses 2 for a recurrence of intrigue. So here the estimation of VSWR is under 2 so it's esteem is great. Every one of the parameters that are talked about have a significant esteem, so the reception apparatus can be consider workable. Different parameters that can be considered are in type of 3D. One of the central points from them is the radiation example of the reception apparatus.

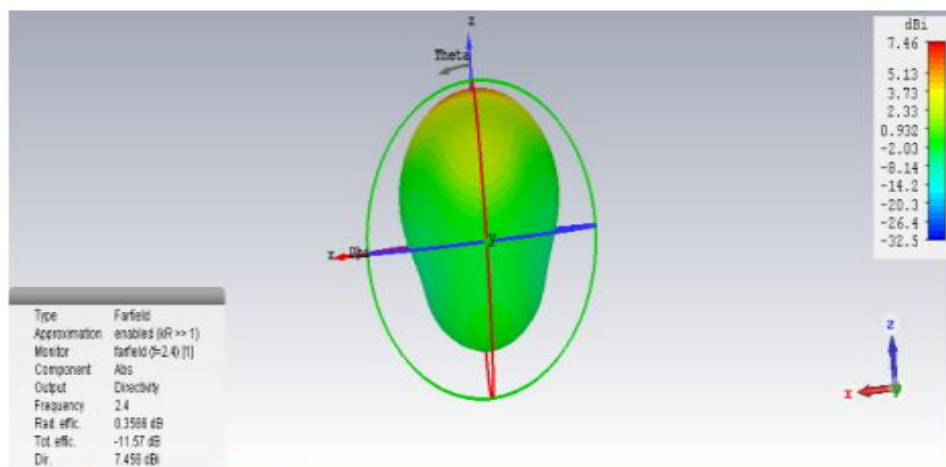


Fig. 4 Radiation Pattern

In 3D results, Fig 4 shows the radiation pattern of the antenna.

4. Conclusion

A twofold face P-formed microstrip fix radio wire has been intended to resound at 2.4 GHz for Bluetooth applications. A parametric examination has been performed to comprehend the resounding conduct of the proposed radio wire. The S11-parameter esteems, VSWR and radiation examples of the twofold face P formed radio wire are displayed in the paper.

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